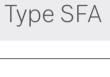


Prefill valve

RE 20485

Edition: 2012-09 Replaces: 04.08





- ▶ Size 25 ... 80
- Component series 1X
- ► Maximum operating pressure 350 bar

Features

- ▶ Pilot operated check valve
- ► For threaded connection (size 25 and 32)
- ► For flange connection according to ISO 6162-1 (from size 40)
- ► For direct attachment to the working cylinder
- ▶ With and without pre-decompression, optional
- ► Integrated high-pressure connection

Contents

Features	1
Ordering code	2
Symbols	2
Function, sections: without pre-decompression	3
Function, sections: with pre-decompression	4
Technical data	5
Characteristic curves	6
Unit dimensions	7 9
Valve mounting screws and connections	10
Poppet geometry and minimum pilot pressure	10
Maximum flow and cases of application	11
More information	12

Ordering code

SFA					_		/	М	/	01	*
01	02	03	04	05		06		07		80	09

01	Prefill valve	SFA
02	Size 25	25
	Size 32	32
	Size 40	40
	Size 50	50
	Size 63	63
	Size 80	80

Type of connection (connection A)

03	Threaded connection (only size 25 and 32)	G
	Flange connection (from size 40)	F

04	Without tank bore	no code
	With tank bore (from size 32)	Т
_		
05	With pre-decompression (from size 32)	1
	Without pre-decompression	0

06	Component series 10 19 (10 19: Unchanged installation and connection dimensions)	1X

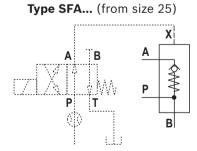
Seal material

07	NBR seals	М
	Attention: Observe compatibility of seals with hydraulic fluid used! (Other seals upon request)	

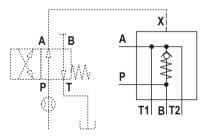
Connection version

08	08 Threaded holes with pipe thread according to DIN 3852 part 2						
09	Further details in the plain text						
03	ruttier details in the plain text						

Symbols



Type SFA...T... (from size 32)



Motice!

Possible circuit with directional valve and nozzle in channel P for one individual prefill valve.

For the parallel connection of prefill valves, the nozzle is to be individually provided for every control line!

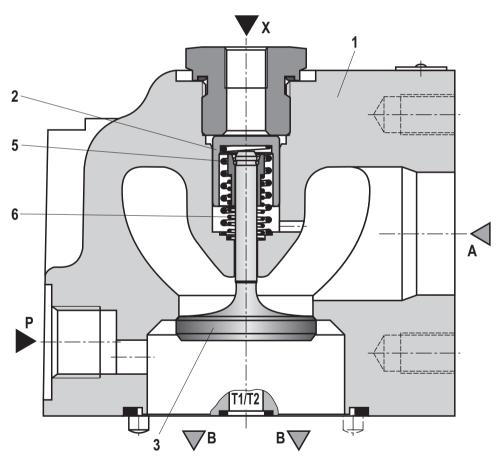
Function, sections: without pre-decompression

Valves of type SFA are pilot operated check valves. They are used for the leakage-free isolation of pressurized working circuits (e. g. pressing cylinders). Due to their aerodynamic design and the relatively little closing force of the compression spring (6) at the main poppet, they are particularly suitable for the pulling function and for filling e.g. the main cylinder at presses during the fast closing movement. The integrated pressure connection P allows for the high pressure build-up in the pressing cylinder!

The valves basically comprise of a housing (1), control spool (2), main poppet (3), pilot poppet (4) and the compression springs (5) and (6).

In channel P of the directional valve, a nozzle insert is to be provided. The nozzle diameter is to be designed according to the prefill valve size (see below).

The valve allows for free flow from A to B. In the opposite direction, the main poppet (3) is held on the seat by the compression spring (6) and the pressure available at port B. The pressure at the control port X pushes the control spool (2) downwards, against the compression spring (5), and pushes the main poppet (3) off the seat. Now, the valve can also be flown through in the opposite direction.



Type SFA..GT0-1X/M/01 (without pre-decompression)

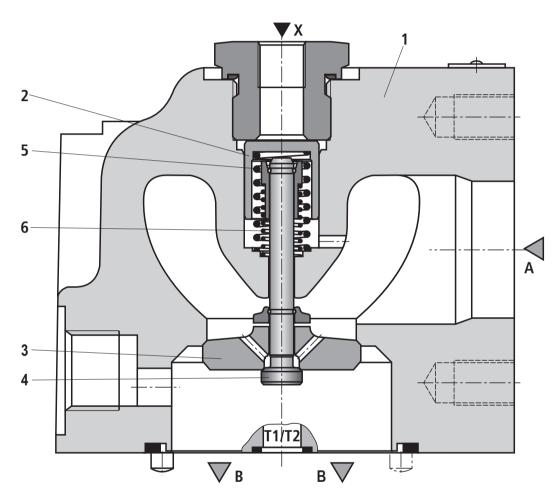
Nozzle insert 1)							
Size	Nozzle Ø in mm						
25	0.8						
32	0.8						
40	0.8						
50	8.0						
63	0.8						
80	1.0						
1) Notingluded	Not included in the seems of delivery						

Not included in the scope of delivery

Function, sections: with pre-decompression

The function of this version basically corresponds to the version without pre-decompression.

In case of pressure at the control port X, the control spool (2) only opens the pilot poppet (4) first. This guarantees shock-free decompression of the compressed hydraulic fluid.



Type SFA..FT1-1X/M/01 (with pre-decompression)

Nozzle insert 1)							
Size	Nozzle Ø in mm						
25	0.8						
32	0.8						
40	0.8						
50	0.8						
63	0.8						
80	1.0						

¹⁾ Not included in the scope of delivery

Technical data

(For applications outside these parameters, please consult us!)

general							,		
Size			25	32	40	50	63	80	
Weight		kg	approx. 4.5	approx. 6	approx. 7	approx. 10.5	approx. 16	approx. 23	
Installation position			any						
Ambient temperature range		°C	-30 +80						
hydraulic									
Maximum operating pressure	– Port B, P	bar	350						
	– Port X	bar	150						
	– Port A	bar	16						
Cracking pressure 1)		bar	~0.12						
Maximum flow		l/min	see cases of	application	page 11				
Hydraulic fluid			see table below						
Hydraulic fluid temperature ran	ge	°C	C -30 +80						
(at the valve working ports)									
Viscosity range mm²/s			10 800						
Maximum permitted degree of	contamination of the hyd	raulic	Class 20/18/15 ²⁾						
fluid - cleanliness class accordi	ng to ISO 4406 (c)								

Hydraulic fluid		Classification	Suitable sealing materials	Standards	
Mineral oils and related hydrocarbons		HL, HLP, HVLP	NBR, FKM ³⁾	DIN 51524	
Bio-degradable – insoluble in water		HETG	NBR, FKM ³⁾	VDMA 24568	
		HEES	FKM ³⁾		
	- soluble in water	HEPG	FKM ³⁾	VDMA 24568	
Flame-resistant	- water-free	HFDU, HFDR	FKM 3)	ISO 12922	
		HFC	NBR	ISO 12922	

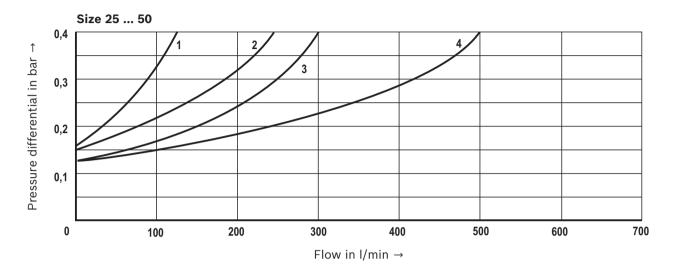
Important information on hydraulic fluids!

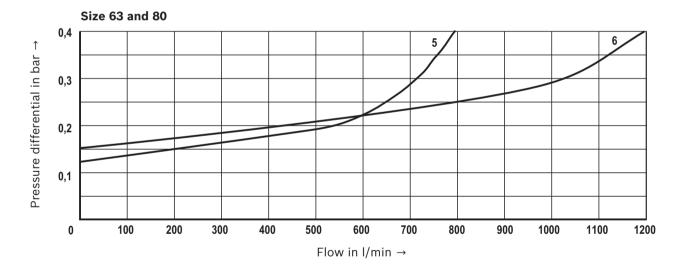
- ► For more information and data on the use of other hydraulic fluids refer to data sheet 90220 or contact us!
- ► Flame-resistant and bio-degradable: There may be limitations regarding the technical valve data (temperature, pressure range, life cycle, maintenance intervals, etc.)!
- Pressure differential at the main poppet for overcoming the spring force
- The cleanliness classes specified for the components must be adhered to in hydraulic systems. Effective filtration prevents faults and at the same time increases the life cycle of the components. For the selection of the filters see www.boschrexroth.com/filter.
- 3) Upon request

Characteristic curves

(measured with HLP46, $\vartheta_{oil} = 40 \pm 5$ °C)

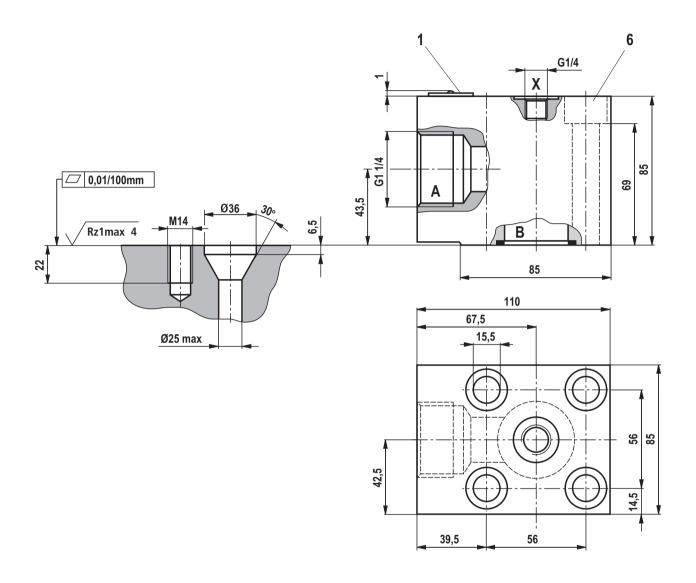
Pressure differential Δp between ports A and B against the flow q_V in case of flow in suction direction A to B.





- **1** Size 25
- **2** Size 32
- **3** Size 40
- **4** Size 50
- **5** Size 63
- **6** Size 80

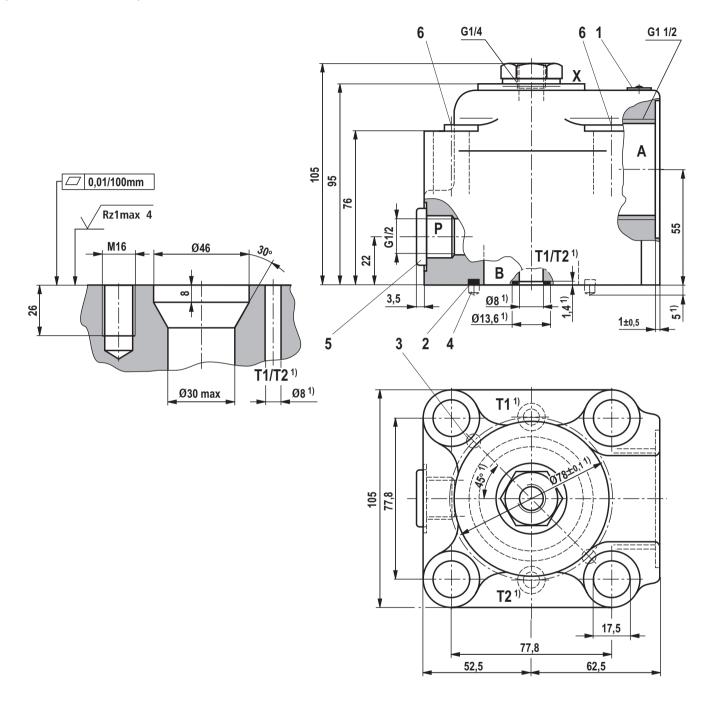
Unit dimensions: Threaded connection (only size 25) (dimensions in mm)



- 1 Name plate
- 6 4 valve mounting bores

Valve mounting screws see page 10.

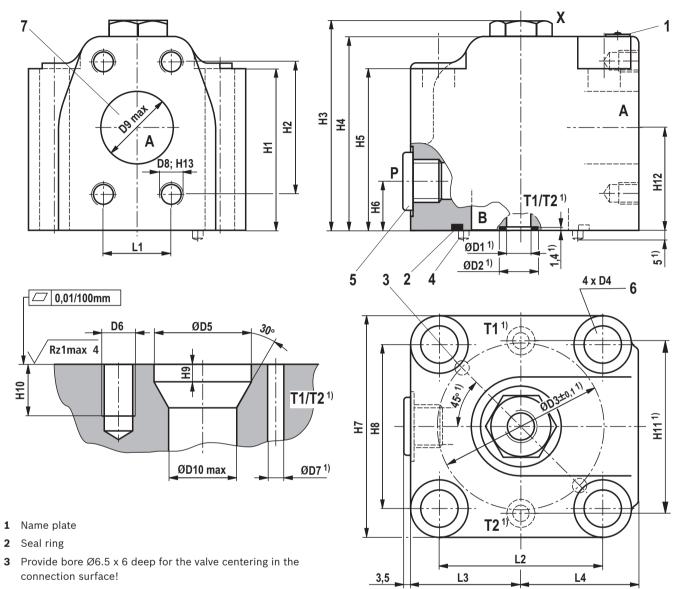
Unit dimensions: Threaded connection (only size 32) (dimensions in mm)



- 1 Name plate
- 2 Seal ring
- **3** Provide bore \emptyset 6.5 x 6 deep for the valve centering in the connection surface!
- 4 2 grooved dowel pins 6 x 12
- 5 Plug screw
- 6 4 valve mounting bores
- 1) Only version "T"

Valve mounting screws see page 10.

Unit dimensions: Flange connections (size 40 ... size 80) (dimensions in mm)



Valve mounting screws and connections see page 10.

- 4 2 grooved dowel pins 6 x 12
- 5 Plug screw (only version "T")
- 6 4 valve mounting bores
- 7 Flange connection according to ISO 6162-1

1) Only version "T"

Size	L1 ±0.2	L2	L3	L4	ØD1	ØD2	ØD3 ±0.1	ØD4	ØD5	D6	ØD7	D8	D9 max	ØD10 max
40	35.7	88.4±0.2	58	62	10	15.7	90	17.5	58	M16	10	M12	38	40
50	42.9	102.5±0.2	70	72	13	19	104	22	71	M20	13	M12	51	50
63	50.8	113.15±0.2	80	82	13	19	120	26	90	M24	13	M12	64	63
80	61.9	134+0.3	92	95	13	19	140	30	107	M27	13	M16	76	78.5

Size	H1	H2 ±0.2	Н3	H4	H5	Н6	H7	Н8	Н9	H10	H11 ±0.1	H12	H13
40	85	69.9	109	102	85	22	116	88.4±0.2	10	26	92	54	18
50	101	77.8	132	124	101	22	141	102.5±0.2	12	32	108	66	18
63	125	88.9	152	144	125	30	160	113.15±0.2	14	38	130	83	18
80	140	106.4	170	158	140	30	185	134+0.3	16	43	150	90	21

Valve mounting screws and connections

Valve mounting screws (separate order)

For reasons of stability, exclusively use the following valve mounting screws:

4 hexagon socket head cap screws ISO 4762 - 10.9

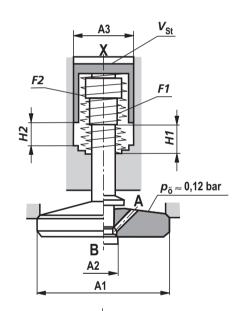
or DIN 912 - 10.9

Friction coefficient $\mu_{\text{total}} = 0.09 \dots 0.14$

Size		Valve mounting scre	Connections			
	Dimension	Tightening torque				
		Hexagon socket head cap screws ISO 4762 - 10.9	Hexagon socket head cap screws DIN 912 - 10.9	А	P	x
25	M14 x 90	170	-	G1 1/4	_	G1/4
32	M16 x 100	280	_	G1 1/2	G1/2	G1/4
40	M16 x 110	280	-	DN38 1)	G1/2	G1/4
50	M20 x 130	560	_	DN51 1)	G1/2	G1/4
63	M24 x 160	960	-	DN64 1)	G3/4	G1/4
80	M27 x 180	-	1400	DN76 1)	G3/4	G1/2

¹⁾ According to ISO 6162-1

Poppet geometry and determination of the minimum pilot pressure



without pre-decompression with pre-

with pre-decompression

A1 = Effective area of the main poppet

A2 = Effective area of the pilot poppet

A3 = Effective area of the control spool

H1 = Stroke of the main poppet

H2 = Stroke of the control spool

F1 = Spring force of the valve spring

F2 = Spring force of the control spool compression spring

 V_{st} = Pilot volume for opening the valve

p₀ = Cracking pressure (pressure differential at the main poppet for overcoming the spring force **F1**)

 p_{St} = Pilot pressure at port X

 p_B = System pressure at port B

Unchecking ratio = $\frac{\text{Pilot pressure } \boldsymbol{p}_{St}}{\text{System pressure } \boldsymbol{p}_{B}}$

Size	A1	A2 1)	А3	H1	H2	F1	F2	V _{st}	Unchecking ratio	
	in cm ²	in cm ²	in cm ²	in mm	in mm	in N	in N	in cm ³	²⁾ in bar	³⁾ in bar
25	5.31	-	1.33	6.2	5	6 14	38 70	0.66	4.0	-
32	8.04	0.5	2.01	8.5	6.5	9 22	58 109	1.30	4.0	0.3
40	13.52	0.78	3.14	10	7	14 29	93 162	2.20	4.3	0.3
50	21.24	1.13	4.71	12.5	9	23 49	149 261	4.20	4.5	0.3
63	32.67	1.77	7.07	14.5	11	35 63	206 348	7.80	4.6	0.3
80	49.02	2.54	10.18	17	13	57 127	310 579	13.20	4.8	0.3

¹⁾ Is omitted for version "without pre-decompression" (SFA...**0**...)

Example: Type SFA32...G0; p_B = 30 bar

 $p_{St} = 4.0 \times 30 \text{ bar} = 120 \text{ bar}$

²⁾ Without pre-decompression

³⁾ With pre-decompression

Flow in I/min (A to B) for the different cases of application

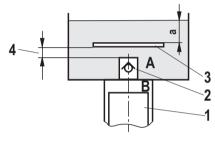
Size	25	32	40	50	63	80
Case of application 1	125	200	300	500	800	1200
Case of application 2	90	170	250	400	650	1000
Case of application 3	60	140	220	360	560	900
Case of application 4	40	100	150	240	380	620
Case of application 5	20	70	110	170	280	450

M Notice!

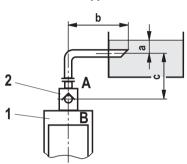
An underdimensioned prefill valve and/or an underdimensioned line leads to gas leaks from the hydraulic fluid with corresponding consequences and often to long-term damage at the cylinder seals.

Cases of application

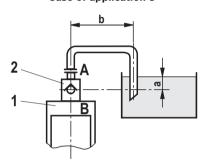
Case of application 1



Case of application 2

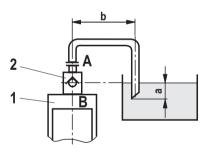


Case of application 3

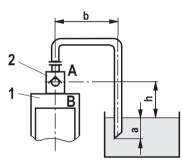


Size of the filling tank at least 1.5 x cylinder content

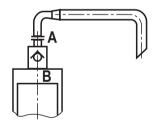
Case of application 4



Case of application 5



Information on case of application 2 to 5



For limit areas, please ask us.
It is often enough, to select a pipeline which is one size larger.

- 1 Cylinder
- 2 Prefill valve
- **3** This sheet is not included in the scope of delivery. With smaller tank dimensions and minimum hydraulic fluid level (a), it prevents the formation of tunnels.
- 4 Observe the supply cross-section differs depending on the size!
- a Min. 300 mm with extended cylinder
- **b** Max. 1000 mm with the specified maximum flows
- : ≥ 500 mm
- h ~300 mm to max. 500 mm

More information

- ▶ Hydraulic fluids on mineral oil basis
- ▶ Reliability characteristics according to EN ISO 13849
- ▶ General product information on hydraulic products
- ▶ Assembly, commissioning and maintenance of industrial valves
- ▶ Selection of the filters

Data sheet 90220 Data sheet 08012 Data sheet 07008 Data sheet 07300

www.boschrexroth.com/filter

Bosch Rexroth AG Hydraulics Zum Eisengießer 1 97816 Lohr am Main, Germany Phone +49 (0) 93 52 / 18-0 documentation@boschrexroth.de www.boschrexroth.de © This document, as well as the data, specifications and other information set forth in it, are the exclusive property of Bosch Rexroth AG. It may not be reproduced or given to third parties without its consent.

The data specified above only serve to describe the product. No statements concerning a certain condition or suitability for a certain application can be derived from our information. The information given does not release the user from the obligation of own judgment and verification. It must be remembered that our products are subject to a natural process of wear and aging.